Much of today's neuroscience research investigating human brain diseases and disorders utilizes animal models. Animals ranging from flies, rodents, and non-human primates are routinely used to model various disorders, with mice being most commonly utilized. Scientists employ these animal models to approximate human conditions and disorders in an accessible manner, with the ultimate purpose of applying the findings derived in the animal back into the human brain

Hoffman, C. (2015). <u>Do you have a mouse brain? The ethical imperative to use non-human primates in neuroscience research.</u> The Neuroethics Blog. Retrieved on November 20, 2015, from http://www.theneuroethicsblog.com/2015/11/do-you-have-mouse-brain-ethical.html